

AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

This listing of the claims will replace all prior versions and listings of the claims in the application.

1. **(Previously presented)** A method of treating a *Pseudomonas aeruginosa* infection in the lungs of a patient in need thereof, comprising administering to the lungs of the patient an effective amount of a liposomal amikacin formulation, which comprises amikacin and a lipid component, wherein said lipid component consists essentially of a sterol and a phosphatidylcholine, and the lipid and amikacin have a ratio of less than 2.5:1 by weight.

2-28. **(Canceled).**

29. **(Previously presented)** The method of claim 1, wherein the patient is a cystic fibrosis patient.

30-31. **(Canceled)**

32. **(Previously presented)** The method of claim 1, wherein the phosphatidylcholine is selected from the group consisting of egg phosphatidylcholine (EPC), soy phosphatidylcholine (SPC), hydrogenated egg phosphatidylcholine (HEPC), hydrogenated soy phosphatidylcholine (HSPC), dipalmitoyl phosphatidylcholine (DPPC), dioleoyl phosphatidylcholine (DOPC), dimyristoyl phosphatidylcholine (DMPC), distearoyl phosphatidylcholine (DSPC), palmitoylstearyl phosphatidylcholine (PSPC), and mixtures thereof.

33. **(Previously presented)** The method of claim 32, wherein the phosphatidylcholine is DPPC.

34. **(Previously presented)** The method of claim 1, wherein the sterol is cholesterol.

35. **(Previously presented)** The method of claim 1, wherein the sterol is cholesterol and the phosphatidylcholine is DPPC.

36. **(Previously presented)** The method of claim 35, wherein the DPPC and cholesterol have a mole ratio of about 19:1, 9:1, 4:1, 13:7 or 1:1.

37. **(Previously presented)** The method of claim 36, wherein the DPPC and cholesterol have a mole ratio of about 1:1.

38. **(Previously presented)** The method of claim 1, wherein the administration has a dosing frequency ranging from once a day to once a week during a 14-day treatment period.

39. **(Previously presented)** The method of claim 38 wherein the administration has a dosing frequency of once a day.

40. **(Previously presented)** The method of claim 38 wherein the administration has a dosing frequency of once every two days.

41. **(Previously presented)** The method of claim 38, wherein the administration has a dosing frequency of once every three days.

42. **(Previously presented)** The method of claim 38, wherein the administration has a dosing frequency of once a week.

43. **(Canceled).**

44. **(Previously presented)** The method of claim 1, wherein the lipid to amikacin ratio is less than 1.1:1 by weight.

45. **(Previously presented)** The method of claim 1, wherein the amikacin is provided as amikacin sulfate.

46. **(Previously presented)** The method of claim 45, wherein the phosphatidylcholine is DPPC.

47. **(Previously presented)** The method of claim 45, wherein the sterol is cholesterol.

48. **(Previously presented)** The method of claim 45, wherein the sterol is cholesterol and the phosphatidylcholine is DPPC.

49. **(Previously presented)** The method of claim 48, wherein the DPPC and cholesterol have a mole ratio of about 19:1, 9:1, 4:1, 13:7 or 1:1.

50. **(Previously presented)** The method of claim 48, wherein the DPPC and cholesterol have a mole ratio of about 1.0:1.

51. **(Canceled).**

52. **(Previously presented)** The method of claim 48, wherein the lipid-and amikacin have a ratio of less than 1.1:1 by weight.

53. **(Previously presented)** The method of claim 48, wherein the patient is a cystic fibrosis patient.

54. **(Previously presented)** The method of claim 35, wherein the DPPC and cholesterol have a mole ratio ranging from 19:1 to 1:1.

55. **(Previously presented)** The method of claim 48, wherein the DPPC and cholesterol have a mole ratio ranging from 19:1 to 1:1.

56. **(Currently amended)** A method of treating a *Pseudomonas aeruginosa* infection ~~in a bacterial biofilm~~ in the lungs of a patient in need thereof, comprising administering to the lungs of a patient in need thereof an effective amount of a liposomal amikacin formulation, which comprises amikacin and a lipid component, wherein said lipid component consists essentially of cholesterol and dipalmitoylphosphatidylcholine, the lipid and amikacin have a ratio of less than 1.1:1 by weight, and the amikacin is provided as amikacin sulfate.

57. **(Previously presented)** The method of claim 56, wherein the patient is a cystic fibrosis patient.